- 1. Let  $f(x) = e^{-2x}$ . Answer the following questions. Show all supporting work!!
  - a. Find the Taylor polynomial of order four for f(x) at x = 0.
  - b. Use the approximation from part "a" to approximate f(0.2)
  - c. Find the error bound for your approximation if  $|x| \le 0.2$ .
- 2. Let  $f(x) = 2 \sin x$ . Answer the following questions. Show all supporting work!!
  - a. Find the Taylor polynomial of order five for f(x) at x = 0.
  - b. Find the Lagrange Error Bound if  $|x| \le 0.1$ .
- 3. Let f(x) be a continuous, differentiable function such that f(3) = 1, f'(3) = 3, f''(3) = 7, f'''(3) = 5.
  - a. Write a  $3^{rd}$  order Taylor polynomial for f(x) about 3 (a = 3)
  - b. Use the polynomial to approximate f(2.9)
  - c. Given  $f^{(4)}(x) \le 6$  for all x, find the Lagrange error bound for the approximation
- 4. Let f(x) be a function with a 3<sup>rd</sup> degree Taylor polynomial about x = 2 given by

$$P(x) = 7 - 9(x - 2)^2 - 3(x - 2)^2$$

- a. Given  $f^{(4)}(x) \le 6$  for all x on [0, 4], find the Lagrange error bound for the approximation.
- b. Give a convincing argument as to why f(0) must be negative.
- 5. For  $f(x) = \sin x$ , determine the order of the Taylor polynomial about x = 0 needed to approximate  $\sin(0.3)$  with an error of less than 0.001.